

PROTECTION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION POLICY

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1. INTRODUCTION

The right to privacy is an integral human right recognised and protected in the South African Constitution and in the Protection of Personal Information Act 4 of 2013 (“POPIA”).

POPIA aims to promote the protection of privacy through providing guiding principles that are intended to be applied to the processing of personal information in a context-sensitive manner.

Through the provision of quality goods and services, the organisation is necessarily involved in the collection, use and disclosure of certain aspects of the personal information of clients, customers, employees and other stakeholders.

A person’s right to privacy entails having control over his or her personal information and being able to conduct his or her affairs relatively free from unwanted intrusions.

Given the importance of privacy, the organisation is committed to effectively managing personal information in accordance with POPIA’s provisions.

2. DEFINITIONS

2.1 Personal Information

Personal information is any information that can be used to reveal a person’s identity. Personal information relates to an identifiable, living, natural person, and where applicable, an identifiable, existing juristic person (such as a company), including, but not limited to information concerning:

- race, gender, sex, pregnancy, marital status, national or ethnic origin, colour, sexual orientation, age, physical or mental health, disability, religion, conscience, belief, culture, language and birth of a person;
- information relating to the education or the medical, financial, criminal or employment history of the person;
- any identifying number, symbol, email address, physical address, telephone number, location information, online identifier or other particular assignment to the person;
- the biometric information of the person;
- the personal opinions, views or preferences of the person;
- correspondence sent by the person that is implicitly or explicitly of a private or confidential nature or further correspondence that would reveal the contents of the original correspondence;
- the views or opinions of another individual about the person;
- the name of the person if it appears with other personal information relating to the person or if the disclosure of the name itself would reveal information about the person.

2.2 Data Subject

This refers to the natural or juristic person to whom personal information relates, such as an individual client, customer or a company that supplies the organisation with products or other goods.

2.3 Responsible Party

The responsible party is the entity that needs the personal information for a particular reason and determines the purpose of and means for processing the personal information. In this case, the organisation is the responsible party.

2.4 Operator

An operator means a person who processes personal information for a responsible party in terms of a contract or mandate, without coming under the direct authority of that party. For example, a third-party service provider that has contracted with the organisation to shred documents containing personal information. When dealing with an operator, it is considered good practice for a responsible party to include an indemnity clause.

2.5 Information Officer

The Information Officer is responsible for ensuring the organisation's compliance with POPIA.

Where no Information Officer is appointed, the head of the organisation will be responsible for performing the Information Officer's duties.

Once appointed, the Information Officer must be registered with the South African Information Regulator established under POPIA prior to performing his or her duties. Deputy Information Officers can also be appointed to assist the Information Officer.

2.6 Processing

The act of processing information includes any activity or any set of operations, whether or not by automatic means, concerning personal information and includes:

- the collection, receipt, recording, organisation, collation, storage, updating or modification, retrieval, alteration, consultation or use;
- dissemination by means of transmission, distribution or making available in any other form; or
- merging, linking, as well as any restriction, degradation, erasure or destruction of information.

2.7 Record

Means any recorded information, regardless of form or medium, including:

- Writing on any material;
- Information produced, recorded or stored by means of any tape-recorder, computer equipment, whether hardware or software or both, or other device, and any material subsequently derived from information so produced, recorded or stored;
- Label, marking or other writing that identifies or describes anything of which it forms part, or to which it is attached by any means;
- Book, map, plan, graph or drawing;
- Photograph, film, negative, tape or other device in which one or more visual images are embodied so as to be capable, with or without the aid of some other equipment, of being reproduced.

2.8 Filing System

Means any structured set of personal information, whether centralised, decentralised or dispersed on a functional or geographical basis, which is accessible according to specific criteria.

2.9 Unique Identifier

Means any identifier that is assigned to a data subject and is used by a responsible party for the purposes of the operations of that responsible party and that uniquely identifies that data subject in relation to that responsible party.

2.10 De-Identify

This means to delete any information that identifies a data subject or which can be used by a reasonably foreseeable method to identify, or when linked to other information, that identifies the data subject.

2.11 Re-Identify

In relation to personal information of a data subject, means to resurrect any information that has been de-identified that identifies the data subject, or can be used or manipulated by a reasonably foreseeable method to identify the data subject.

2.12 Consent

Means any voluntary, specific and informed expression of will in terms of which permission is given for the processing of personal information.

2.13 Direct Marketing

Means to approach a data subject, either in person or by mail or electronic communication, for the direct or indirect purpose of:

- Promoting or offering to supply, in the ordinary course of business, any goods or services to the data subject; or
- Requesting the data subject to make a donation of any kind for any reason.

2.14 Biometrics

Means a technique of personal identification that is based on physical, physiological or behavioural characterisation including blood typing, fingerprinting, DNA analysis, retinal scanning and voice recognition.

3. POLICY PURPOSE

This purpose of this policy is to protect the organisation from the compliance risks associated with the protection of personal information which includes:

- Breaches of confidentiality. For instance, the organisation could suffer loss in revenue where it is found that the personal information of data subjects has been shared or disclosed inappropriately.
- Failing to offer choice. For instance, all data subjects should be free to choose how and for what purpose the organisation uses information relating to them.
- Reputational damage. For instance, the organisation could suffer a decline in shareholder value following an adverse event such as a computer hacker deleting the personal information held by the organisation.

This policy demonstrates the organisation's commitment to protecting the privacy rights of data subjects in the following manner:

- Through stating desired behaviour and directing compliance with the provisions of POPIA and best practice.
- By cultivating an organisational culture that recognises privacy as a valuable human right.
- By developing and implementing internal controls for the purpose of managing the compliance risk associated with the protection of personal information.
- By creating business practices that will provide reasonable assurance that the rights of data subjects are protected and balanced with the legitimate business needs of the organisation.

- By assigning specific duties and responsibilities to control owners, including the appointment of an Information Officer and where necessary, Deputy Information Officers in order to protect the interests of the organisation and data subjects.
- By raising awareness through training and providing guidance to individuals who process personal information so that they can act confidently and consistently.

4. POLICY APPLICATION

This policy and its guiding principles applies to:

- The organisation's governing body
- All branches, business units and divisions of the organisation
- All employees and volunteers
- All contractors, suppliers and other persons acting on behalf of the organisation

The policy's guiding principles find application in all situations and must be read in conjunction with POPIA as well as the organisation's PAIA Policy as required by the Promotion of Access to Information Act (Act No 2 of 2000).

The legal duty to comply with POPIA's provisions is activated in any situation where there is:

- A **processing** of.....
-**personal information**.....
-entered into a **record**.....
-by or for a **responsible person**.....
-who is **domiciled** in South Africa.

POPIA does not apply in situations where the processing of personal information:

- is concluded in the course of purely personal or household activities, or
- where the personal information has been de-identified.

5. RIGHTS OF DATA SUBJECTS

Where appropriate, the organisation will ensure that its clients and customers are made aware of the rights conferred upon them as data subjects.

The organisation will ensure that it gives effect to the following seven rights.

5.1 The Right to Access Personal Information

The organisation recognises that a data subject has the right to establish whether the organisation holds personal information related to him, her or it including the right to request access to that personal information.

An example of a "Personal Information Request Form" can be found under "**Annexure A**".

5.2 The Right to have Personal Information Corrected or Deleted

The data subject has the right to request, where necessary, that his, her or its personal information must be corrected or deleted where the organisation is no longer authorised to retain the personal information.

5.3 The Right to Object to the Processing of Personal Information

The data subject has the right, on reasonable grounds, to object to the processing of his, her or its personal information.

In such circumstances, the organisation will give due consideration to the request and the requirements of POPIA. The organisation may cease to use or disclose the data subject's personal information and may, subject to any statutory and contractual record keeping requirements, also approve the destruction of the personal information.

A data subject who wishes to object to the processing of personal information, must submit the objection to the responsible party on **Form 1** of the Regulations to the Act. The responsible party, or a designated person, must render such reasonable assistance as is necessary, free of charge, to enable the data subject to make an objection on **Form 1**.

5.4 The Right to Object to Direct Marketing

The data subject has the right to object to the processing of his, her or its personal information for purposes of direct marketing by means of unsolicited electronic communications.

A responsible party who wishes to process personal information of a data subject for the purpose of direct marketing by electronic communication must submit a request for written consent to that data subject on **Form 4** of the Regulations to the Act.

5.5 The Right to Complain to the Information Regulator

The data subject has the right to submit a complaint to the Information Regulator regarding an alleged infringement of any of the rights protected under POPIA and to institute civil proceedings regarding the alleged non-compliance with the protection of his, her or its personal information.

An example of a "POPI Complaint Form", for internal use, can be found under "Annexure B".

Any person who wishes to submit a complaint contemplated in section 74(1) of the Act must submit such a complaint to the *Regulator* on **Part I of Form 5**. A responsible party or a data subject who wishes to submit a complaint contemplated in section 74(2) of the Act must submit such a complaint to the *Regulator* on **Part II of Form 5** of the Regulations to the Act.

5.6 The Right to be Informed

The data subject has the right to be notified that his, her or its personal information is being collected by the organisation.

The data subject also has the right to be notified in any situation where the organisation has reasonable grounds to believe that the personal information of the data subject has been accessed or acquired by an unauthorised person.

6. GENERAL GUIDING PRINCIPLES

All employees and persons acting on behalf of the organisation will at all times be subject to, and act in accordance with, the following guiding principles:

6.1 Accountability

Failing to comply with POPIA could potentially damage the organisation's reputation or expose the organisation to a civil claim for damages. The protection of personal information is therefore everybody's responsibility.

The organisation will ensure that the provisions of POPIA and the guiding principles outlined in this policy are complied with through the encouragement of desired behaviour. However, the organisation will take appropriate sanctions, which may include disciplinary action, against those individuals who through their intentional or negligent actions and/or omissions fail to comply with the principles and responsibilities outlined in this policy.

6.2 Processing Limitation

The organisation will ensure that personal information under its control is processed:

- in a fair, lawful and non-excessive manner, and
- only for a specifically defined purpose.

The organisation will inform the data subject of the reasons for collecting his, her or its personal information. Alternatively, where services or transactions are concluded over the telephone or electronic video feed, the organisation will maintain a voice recording of the stated purpose for collecting the personal information.

The organisation will under no circumstances distribute or share personal information between separate legal entities, associated organisations (such as subsidiary companies) or with any individuals that are not directly involved with facilitating the purpose for which the information was originally collected.

Where applicable, the data subject must be informed of the possibility that their personal information will be shared with other aspects of the organisation's business and be provided with the reasons for doing so.

An example of a "POPI Privacy Notice" can be found under "**Annexure C**".

6.3 Purpose Specification

All of the organisation's business units and operations must be informed by the principle of transparency.

The organisation will process personal information only for specific, explicitly defined and legitimate reasons. The organisation will inform data subjects of these reasons prior to collecting or recording the data subject's personal information.

6.4 Further Processing Limitation

Personal information will not be processed for a secondary purpose unless that processing is compatible with the original purpose.

Therefore, where the organisation seeks to process personal information it holds for a purpose other than the original purpose for which it was originally collected, and where this secondary purpose is not compatible with the original purpose, the organisation will first obtain additional consent from the data subject.

6.5 Information Quality

The organisation will take reasonable steps to ensure that all personal information collected is complete, accurate and not misleading.

The more important it is that the personal information be accurate (for example, the beneficiary details of a life insurance policy are of the utmost importance), the greater the effort the organisation will put into ensuring its accuracy.

Where personal information is collected or received from third parties, the organisation will take reasonable steps to confirm that the information is correct by verifying the accuracy of the information directly with the data subject or by way of independent sources.

6.6 Open Communication

The organisation will take reasonable steps to ensure that data subjects are notified (are at all times aware) that their personal information is being collected including the purpose for which it is being collected and processed.

The organisation will ensure that it establishes and maintains a “contact us” facility, for instance via its website or through an electronic helpdesk, for data subjects who want to:

- Enquire whether the organisation holds related personal information, or
- Request access to related personal information, or
- Request the organisation to update or correct related personal information, or
- Make a complaint concerning the processing of personal information.

6.7 Security Safeguards

The organisation will manage the security of its filing system to ensure that personal information is adequately protected. To this end, security controls will be implemented in order to minimise the risk of loss, unauthorised access, disclosure, interference, modification or destruction.

Security measures also need to be applied in a context-sensitive manner. For example, the more sensitive the personal information, such as medical information or credit card details, the greater the security required.

The organisation will continuously review its security controls which will include regular testing of protocols and measures put in place to combat cyber-attacks on the organisation’s IT network.

The organisation will ensure that all paper and electronic records comprising personal information are securely stored and made accessible only to authorised individuals.

All new employees will be required to sign employment contracts containing contractual terms for the use and storage of employee information. Confidentiality clauses will also be included to reduce the risk of unauthorised disclosures of personal information for which the organisation is responsible.

All existing employees will, after the required consultation process has been followed, be required to sign an addendum to their employment containing the relevant consent and confidentiality clauses.

The organisation’s operators and third-party service providers will be required to enter into service level agreements with the organisation where both parties pledge their mutual commitment to POPIA and the lawful processing of any personal information pursuant to the agreement.

An example of “Employee Consent and Confidentiality Clause” for inclusion in the organisation’s employment contracts can be found under “**Annexure D**”.

An example of an “SLA Confidentiality Clause” for inclusion in the organisation’s service level agreements can be found under “**Annexure E**”.

6.8 Data Subject Participation

A data subject may request the correction or deletion of his, her or its personal information held by the organisation.

The organisation will ensure that it provides a facility for data subjects who want to request the correction or deletion of their personal information.

Where applicable, the organisation will include a link to unsubscribe from any of its electronic newsletters or related marketing activities.

7. INFORMATION OFFICERS

The organisation will appoint an Information Officer and where necessary, a Deputy Information Officer to assist the Information Officer.

The organisation's Information Officer is responsible for ensuring compliance with POPIA.

The head of the organisation will assume the role of the Information Officer. Consideration will be given on an annual basis to the re-appointment or replacement of the Information Officer and the re-appointment or replacement of any Deputy Information Officers.

Where the head of the organisation has decided to authorise another employee of the organisation to be the Information Officer, such authorisation will be in writing, according to the form and manner of "**Annexure C**" to the *Guidance Note on Information Officers and Deputy Information Officers* published by the Information Regulator.

Once appointed, the organisation will register the Information Officer with the South African Information Regulator established under POPIA prior to performing his or her duties, in accordance with "**Annexure A**" to the *Guidance Note on Information Officers and Deputy Information Officers* published by the Information Regulator.

An example of a "Deputy Information Officer Appointment Letter" can be found under "**Annexure F**". This appointment letter will be used for the internal appointment of the Information Officer and / or Deputy Information Officer. The content of the appointment letter may also be incorporated into the designated employee's key performance areas as a measure to ensure accountability. As an additional requirement, the organisation will appoint the Deputy Information Officer (if any) in the prescribed format in "**Annexure B**" to the *Guidance Note on Information Officers and Deputy Information Officers* published by the Information Regulator.

8. SPECIFIC DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

8.1 Governing Body

The organisation's governing body cannot delegate its accountability and is ultimately answerable for ensuring that the organisation meets its legal obligations in terms of POPIA.

The governing body may however delegate some of its responsibilities in terms of POPIA to management or other capable individuals.

The governing body is responsible for ensuring that:

- The organisation appoints an Information Officer, and where necessary, a Deputy Information Officer.
- All persons responsible for the processing of personal information on behalf of the organisation:
 - are appropriately trained and supervised to do so,
 - understand that they are contractually obligated to protect the personal information they come into contact with, and
 - are aware that a wilful or negligent breach of this policy's processes and procedures may lead to disciplinary action being taken against them.
- Data subjects who want to make enquires about their personal information are made aware of the procedure that needs to be followed should they wish to do so.
- The scheduling of a periodic POPI Audit in order to accurately assess and review the ways in which the organisation collects, holds, uses, shares, discloses, destroys and processes personal information.

8.2 Information Officer

The organisation's Information Officer is responsible for:

- Taking steps to ensure the organisation's reasonable compliance with the provision of POPIA.

- Keeping the governing body updated about the organisation's information protection responsibilities under POPIA. For instance, in the case of a security breach, the Information Officer must inform and advise the governing body of their obligations pursuant to POPIA.
- Continually analysing privacy regulations and aligning them with the organisation's personal information processing procedures. This will include reviewing the organisation's information protection procedures and related policies.
- Ensuring that POPI Audits are scheduled and conducted on a regular basis.
- Ensuring that the organisation makes it convenient for data subjects who want to update their personal information or submit POPI related complaints to the organisation. For instance, maintaining a "contact us" facility on the organisation's website.
- Approving any contracts entered into with operators, employees and other third parties which may have an impact on the personal information held by the organisation. This will include overseeing the amendment of the organisation's employment contracts and other service level agreements.
- Encouraging compliance with the conditions required for the lawful processing of personal information.
- Ensuring that employees and other persons acting on behalf of the organisation are fully aware of the risks associated with the processing of personal information and that they remain informed about the organisation's security controls.
- Organising and overseeing the awareness training of employees and other individuals involved in the processing of personal information on behalf of the organisation.
- Addressing employees' POPIA related questions.
- Addressing all POPIA related requests and complaints made by the organisation's data subjects.
- Working with the Information Regulator in relation to any ongoing investigations. The Information Officers will therefore act as the contact point for the Information Regulator authority on issues relating to the processing of personal information and will consult with the Information Regulator where appropriate, with regard to any other matter.
- Ensuring that a compliance framework is developed, implemented, monitored and maintained.
- Ensuring that a personal information impact assessment is done to ensure that adequate measures and standards exist in order to comply with the conditions for the lawful processing of personal information.
- Ensure that a manual is developed, monitored, maintained and made available as prescribed in sections 14 and 51 of the Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 (Act No. 2 of 2000).
- Ensure that internal measures are developed together with adequate systems to process requests for information or access thereto.
- Ensure that internal awareness sessions are conducted regarding the provisions of the Act, regulations made in terms of the Act, codes of conduct, or information obtained from the Regulator.
- The information officer shall upon request by any person, provide copies of the manual to that person upon the payment of a fee to be determined by the Regulator from time to time.

The Deputy Information Officer will assist the Information Officer in performing his or her duties.

8.3 IT Manager

The organisation's IT Manager is responsible for:

- Ensuring that the organisation's IT infrastructure, filing systems and any other devices used for processing personal information meet acceptable security standards.

- Ensuring that all electronically held personal information is kept only on designated drives and servers and uploaded only to approved cloud computing services.
- Ensuring that servers containing personal information are sited in a secure location, away from the general office space.
- Ensuring that all electronically stored personal information is backed-up and tested on a regular basis.
- Ensuring that all back-ups containing personal information are protected from unauthorised access, accidental deletion and malicious hacking attempts.
- Ensuring that personal information being transferred electronically is encrypted.
- Ensuring that all servers and computers containing personal information are protected by a firewall and the latest security software.
- Performing regular IT audits to ensure that the security of the organisation's hardware and software systems are functioning properly.
- Performing regular IT audits to verify whether electronically stored personal information has been accessed or acquired by any unauthorised persons.
- Performing a proper due diligence review prior to contracting with operators or any other third-party service providers to process personal information on the organisation's behalf. For instance, cloud computing services.

8.4 Marketing & Communication Manager

The organisation's Marketing & Communication Manager is responsible for:

- Approving and maintaining the protection of personal information statements and disclaimers that are displayed on the organisation's website, including those attached to communications such as emails and electronic newsletters.
- Addressing any personal information protection queries from journalists or media outlets such as newspapers.
- Where necessary, working with persons acting on behalf of the organisation to ensure that any outsourced marketing initiatives comply with POPIA.

8.5 Employees and other Persons acting on behalf of the Organisation

Employees and other persons acting on behalf of the organisation will, during the course of the performance of their services, gain access to and become acquainted with the personal information of certain clients, suppliers and other employees.

Employees and other persons acting on behalf of the organisation are required to treat personal information as a confidential business asset and to respect the privacy of data subjects.

Employees and other persons acting on behalf of the organisation may not directly or indirectly, utilise, disclose or make public in any manner to any person or third party, either within the organisation or externally, any personal information, unless such information is already publicly known or the disclosure is necessary in order for the employee or person to perform his or her duties.

Employees and other persons acting on behalf of the organisation must request assistance from their line manager or the Information Officer if they are unsure about any aspect related to the protection of a data subject's personal information.

Employees and other persons acting on behalf of the organisation will only process personal information where:

- The data subject, or a competent person where the data subject is a child, consents to the processing; or
- The processing is necessary to carry out actions for the conclusion or performance of a contract to which the data subject is a party; or

- The processing complies with an obligation imposed by law on the responsible party; or
- The processing protects a legitimate interest of the data subject; or
- The processing is necessary for pursuing the legitimate interests of the organisation or of a third party to whom the information is supplied.

Furthermore, personal information will only be processed where the data subject:

- Clearly understands why and for what purpose his, her or its personal information is being collected; and
- Has granted the organisation with explicit written or verbally recorded consent to process his, her or its personal information.

Employees and other persons acting on behalf of the organisation will consequently, prior to processing any personal information, obtain a specific and informed expression of will from the data subject, in terms of which permission is given for the processing of personal information.

Informed consent is therefore when the data subject clearly understands for what purpose his, her or its personal information is needed and who it will be shared with.

Consent can be obtained in written form which includes any appropriate electronic medium that is accurately and readily reducible to printed form. Alternatively, the organisation will keep a voice recording of the data subject's consent in instances where transactions are concluded telephonically or via electronic video feed.

Consent to process a data subject's personal information will be obtained directly from the data subject, except where:

- the personal information has been made public, or
- where valid consent has been given to a third party, or
- the information is necessary for effective law enforcement.

Employees and other persons acting on behalf of the organisation will under no circumstances:

- Process or have access to personal information where such processing or access is not a requirement to perform their respective work-related tasks or duties.
- Save copies of personal information directly to their own private computers, laptops or other mobile devices like tablets or smart phones. All personal information must be accessed and updated from the organisation's central database or a dedicated server.
- Share personal information informally. In particular, personal information should never be sent by email, as this form of communication is not secure. Where access to personal information is required, this may be requested from the relevant line manager or the Information Officer.
- Transfer personal information outside of South Africa without the express permission from the Information Officer.

Employees and other persons acting on behalf of the organisation are responsible for:

- Keeping all personal information that they come into contact with secure, by taking sensible precautions and following the guidelines outlined within this policy.
- Ensuring that personal information is held in as few places as is necessary. No unnecessary additional records, filing systems and data sets should therefore be created.
- Ensuring that personal information is encrypted prior to sending or sharing the information electronically. The IT Manager will assist employees and where required, other persons acting on behalf of the organisation, with the sending or sharing of personal information to or with authorised external persons.

- Ensuring that all computers, laptops and devices such as tablets, flash drives and smartphones that store personal information are password protected and never left unattended. Passwords must be changed regularly and may not be shared with unauthorised persons.
- Ensuring that their computer screens and other devices are switched off or locked when not in use or when away from their desks.
- Ensuring that where personal information is stored on removable storage medias such as external drives, CDs or DVDs that these are kept locked away securely when not being used.
- Ensuring that where personal information is stored on paper, that such hard copy records are kept in a secure place where unauthorised people cannot access it. For instance, in a locked drawer of a filing cabinet.
- Ensuring that where personal information has been printed out, that the paper printouts are not left unattended where unauthorised individuals could see or copy them. For instance, close to the printer.
- Taking reasonable steps to ensure that personal information is kept accurate and up to date. For instance, confirming a data subject's contact details when the client or customer phones or communicates via email. Where a data subject's information is found to be out of date, authorisation must first be obtained from the relevant line manager or the Information Officer to update the information accordingly.
- Taking reasonable steps to ensure that personal information is stored only for as long as it is needed or required in terms of the purpose for which it was originally collected. Where personal information is no longer required, authorisation must first be obtained from the relevant line manager or the Information Officer to delete or dispose of the personal information in the appropriate manner.
- Undergoing POPI Awareness training from time to time.

Where an employee, or a person acting on behalf of the organisation, becomes aware or suspicious of any security breach such as the unauthorised access, interference, modification, destruction or the unsanctioned disclosure of personal information, he or she must immediately report this event or suspicion to the Information Officer or the Deputy Information Officer.

9. POPI AUDIT

The organisation's Information Officer will schedule periodic POPI Audits.

The purpose of a POPI audit is to:

- Identify the processes used to collect, record, store, disseminate and destroy personal information.
- Determine the flow of personal information throughout the organisation. For instance, the organisation's various business units, divisions, branches and other associated organisations.
- Redefine the purpose for gathering and processing personal information.
- Ensure that the processing parameters are still adequately limited.
- Ensure that new data subjects are made aware of the processing of their personal information.
- Re-establish the rationale for any further processing where information is received via a third party.
- Verify the quality and security of personal information.
- Monitor the extend of compliance with POPIA and this policy.
- Monitor the effectiveness of internal controls established to manage the organisation's POPI related compliance risk.

In performing the POPI Audit, Information Officers will liaise with line managers in order to identify areas within in the organisation's operation that are most vulnerable or susceptible to the unlawful processing of personal information.

Information Officers will be permitted direct access to and have demonstrable support from line managers and the organisation's governing body in performing their duties.

10. REQUEST TO ACCESS PERSONAL INFORMATION PROCEDURE

Data subjects have the right to:

- Request what personal information the organisation holds about them and why.
- Request access to their personal information.
- Be informed how to keep their personal information up to date.

Access to information requests can be made by email, addressed to the Information Officer. The Information Officer will provide the data subject with a "Personal Information Request Form".

In addition to the aforementioned, where the data subject requests the correction, deletion or destruction of a record of personal information, the Information Officer will provide the data subject with **Form 2** to the Regulations of the Act. The responsible party, or a designated person, must render such reasonable assistance, as is necessary free of charge, to enable a data subject to complete **Form 2**.

Once the completed form has been received, the Information Officer will verify the identity of the data subject prior to handing over any personal information. All requests will be processed and considered against the organisation's PAIA Policy.

The Information Officer will process all requests within a reasonable time.

11. POPI COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE

Data subjects have the right to complain in instances where any of their rights under POPIA have been infringed upon. The organisation takes all complaints very seriously and will address all POPI related complaints in accordance with the following procedure:

- POPI complaints must be submitted to the organisation in writing. Where so required, the Information Officer will provide the data subject with a "POPI Complaint Form".
- Where the complaint has been received by any person other than the Information Officer, that person will ensure that the full details of the complaint reach the Information Officer within 1 working day.
- The Information Officer will provide the complainant with a written acknowledgement of receipt of the complaint within 2 working days.
- The Information Officer will carefully consider the complaint and address the complainant's concerns in an amicable manner. In considering the complaint, the Information Officer will endeavour to resolve the complaint in a fair manner and in accordance with the principles outlined in POPIA.
- The Information Officer must also determine whether the complaint relates to an error or breach of confidentiality that has occurred and which may have a wider impact on the organisation's data subjects.
- Where the Information Officer has reason to believe that the personal information of data subjects has been accessed or acquired by an unauthorised person, the Information Officer will consult with the organisation's governing body where after the affected data subjects and the Information Regulator will be informed of this breach.

- The Information Officer will revert to the complainant with a proposed solution with the option of escalating the complaint to the organisation's governing body within 7 working days of receipt of the complaint. In all instances, the organisation will provide reasons for any decisions taken and communicate any anticipated deviation from the specified timelines.
- The Information Officer's response to the data subject may comprise any of the following:
 - A suggested remedy for the complaint,
 - A dismissal of the complaint and the reasons as to why it was dismissed,
 - An apology (if applicable) and any disciplinary action that has been taken against any employees involved.
- Where the data subject is not satisfied with the Information Officer's suggested remedies, the data subject has the right to complain to the Information Regulator.
- The Information Officer will review the complaints process to assess the effectiveness of the procedure on a periodic basis and to improve the procedure where it is found wanting. The reason for any complaints will also be reviewed to ensure the avoidance of occurrences giving rise to POPI related complaints.

12. DISCIPLINARY ACTION

Where a POPI complaint or a POPI infringement investigation has been finalised, the organisation may recommend any appropriate administrative, legal and/or disciplinary action to be taken against any employee reasonably suspected of being implicated in any non-compliant activity outlined within this policy.

In the case of ignorance or minor negligence, the organisation will undertake to provide further awareness training to the employee.

Any gross negligence or the wilful mismanagement of personal information, will be considered a serious form of misconduct for which the organisation may summarily dismiss the employee. Disciplinary procedures will commence where there is sufficient evidence to support an employee's gross negligence.

Examples of immediate actions that may be taken subsequent to an investigation include:

- A recommendation to commence with disciplinary action.
- A referral to appropriate law enforcement agencies for criminal investigation.
- Recovery of funds and assets in order to limit any prejudice or damages caused.

ANNEXURE C: POPIA PRIVACY NOTICE

POPIA PRIVACY NOTICE

We understand that your personal information is important to you and that you may be apprehensive about disclosing it. Your privacy is just as important to us and we are committed to safeguarding and processing your information in a lawful manner.

We also want to make sure that you understand how and for what purpose we process your information. If for any reason you think that your information is not processed in a correct manner, or that your information is being used for a purpose other than that for what it was originally intended, you can contact our Information Officer.

You can request access to the information we hold about you at any time and if you think that we have outdated information, please request us to update or correct it.

Our Information Officer's Contact Details	
Name	Emil van Graan
Contact Number	012 347 0042
Email Address:	emil@mysure.biz

Our details:

Mysure Underwriting Managers (Pty) Ltd

Block 5, Monument Office Park, 71-79 Steenbok Ave, Monument Park, Pretoria, 0181

Tel nr : 012 347 0042

Organisation E-mail address: info@mysure.biz

The source of collection of your personal information:

We collect personal information indirectly from the following data subjects:

- Customers who purchases our products

Personal information is collected indirectly from you through the completion of policy schedule form. These forms are completed either electronically or in hard copy.

We may also collect information about you from other sources such as external third parties and from cookies on our website.

Law authorising or requiring collecting of the personal information:

As an authorised financial services provider, we are obligated in terms of legislation to collect your personal information insofar as it relates to the rendering of the relevant financial services to you.

Purpose for Processing your Information:

We collect, hold, use and disclose your personal information mainly to provide you with access to the services and products that we provide. We will only process your information for a purpose you would reasonably expect, including:

- Complying with the obligations contained in the contract concluded between yourself and the organisation.
- To verify your identity and to conduct credit reference searches.
- To notify you of new products or developments that may be of interest to you.
- To confirm, verify and update your details.
- To comply with any legal and regulatory requirements.

Some of your information that we hold may include, your first and last name, email address, a home, postal or other physical address, other contact information, your title, birth date, gender, occupation, qualifications, past employment, residency status, your investments, assets, liabilities, insurance, income, expenditure, family history, and your banking details.

Third parties and your personal information

We may need to share your information to third parties provide advice, reports, analyses, products or services that you have requested. Where we share your information, we will take all precautions to ensure that the third party will treat your information with the same level of protection as required

by us.

These third parties may include:

- Your employer (where applicable);
- Analytics and search engine providers assisting in the enhancement of our websites;
- Information Technology specialists assisting us with data storage, security, processing, analytics, etc;
- Auditors of the Organisation;
- Regulatory or governmental authorities;

The Transfer of your personal information outside of the Republic of South Africa

Your information may be hosted on servers managed by a third-party service provider, which may be located outside of South Africa.

Complaints and objections

As a data subject, you have the right to –

- Request that we confirm, free of charge, whether or not we hold personal information about you;
- Request that we provide you with a description of the personal information we hold about you, and to explain why and how it is being processed (please complete Annexure A);
- Request that we consider your objections to the processing of your personal information (please complete Annexure B);
- Lodge a complaint with the Information Regulator (please complete Annexure B).

The Information Regulator

In the event that your personal information has not been processed in accordance with the POPI Act and the principles set out above, you have the right to lodge a complaint with the Information Regulator.

For further information regarding the complaints process, please visit the website of the Information Regulator, as indicated below.

Alternatively, you may contact the Information Regulator for further assistance:

The Information Regulator: Adv Pansy Tlakula

Physical Address: JD House, 27 Stiemens Street, Braamfontein, Johannesburg, 2001

Email: complaints.IR@justice.gov.za

Website: <https://www.justice.gov.za/inforeg/index.html>

ANNEXURE D: EMPLOYEE CONSENT AND CONFIDENTIALITY CLAUSE

EMPLOYEE CONSENT AND CONFIDENTIALITY CLAUSE

- "Personal Information" (PI) shall mean the race, gender, sex, pregnancy, marital status, national or ethnic origin, colour, sexual orientation, age, physical or mental health, disability, religion, conscience, belief, culture, language and birth of a person; information relating to the education or the medical, financial, criminal or employment history of the person; any identifying number, symbol, email address, physical address, telephone number, location information, online identifier or other particular assignment to the person; the biometric information of the person; the personal opinions, views or preferences of the person; correspondence sent by the person that is implicitly or explicitly of a private or confidential nature or further correspondence that would reveal the contents of the original correspondence; the views or opinions of another individual about the person whether the information is recorded electronically or otherwise.
- "POPIA" shall mean the Protection of Personal Information Act 4 of 2013 as amended from time to time.
- The employer undertakes to process the PI of the employee only in accordance with the conditions of lawful processing as set out in terms of POPIA and in terms of the employer's relevant policy available to the employee on request and only to the extent that it is necessary to discharge its obligations and to perform its functions as an employer and within the framework of the employment relationship and as required by South African law.
- The employee acknowledges that the collection of his/her PI is both necessary and requisite as a legal obligation, which falls within the scope of execution of the legal functions and obligations of the employer. The employee therefore irrevocably and unconditionally agrees:
 - That he/she is notified of the purpose and reason for the collection and processing of his or her PI insofar as it relates to the employer's discharge of its obligations and to perform its functions as an employer.
 - That he/she consents and authorises the employer to undertake the collection, processing and further processing of the employee's PI by the employer for the purposes of securing and further facilitating the employee's employment with the employer.
 - Without derogating from the generality of the aforementioned, the employee consents to the employer's collection and processing of PI pursuant to any of the employer's Internet, Email and Interception policies in place insofar as PI of the employee is contained in relevant electronic communications.
 - To make available to the employer all necessary PI required by the employer for the purpose of securing and further facilitating the employee's employment with the employer.
 - To absolve the employer from any liability in terms of POPIA for failing to obtain the employee's consent or to notify the employee of the reason for the processing of any of the employee's PI.
 - To the disclosure of his/her PI by the employer to any third party, where the employer has a legal or contractual duty to disclose such PI.
 - The employee further agrees to the disclosure of his/her PI for any reason enabling the employer to carry out or to comply with any business obligation the employer may have or to pursue a legitimate interest of the employer in order for the employer to perform its business on a day to day basis.
 - The employee authorises the employer to transfer his/her PI outside of the Republic of South Africa for any legitimate business purpose of the employer within the international community. The employer undertakes not to transfer or disclose his/her PI unless it is required for its legitimate business requirements and shall comply strictly with legislative stipulations in this regard.
- The employee acknowledges that during the course of the performance of his/her services, he/she may gain access to and become acquainted with the personal information of certain clients, suppliers and other employees. The employee will treat personal information as a confidential business asset and agrees to respect the privacy of clients, suppliers and other employees.
- To the extent that he/she is exposed to or insofar as PI of other employees or third parties are disclosed to him/her, the employee hereby agree to be bound by appropriate and legally binding confidentiality and non-usage obligations in relation to the PI of third parties or employees.
- Employees may not directly or indirectly, utilise, disclose or make public in any manner to any person or third party, either within the organisation or externally, any personal information, unless such information is already publicly known or the disclosure is necessary in order for the employee or person to perform his or her duties on behalf of the employer.

ANNEXURE E: SLA CONFIDENTIALITY CLAUSE**SLA CONFIDENTIALITY CLAUSE**

- "Personal Information" (PI) shall mean the race, gender, sex, pregnancy, marital status, national or ethnic origin, colour, sexual orientation, age, physical or mental health, disability, religion, conscience, belief, culture, language and birth of a person; information relating to the education or the medical, financial, criminal or employment history of the person; any identifying number, symbol, email address, physical address, telephone number, location information, online identifier or other particular assignment to the person; the biometric information of the person; the personal opinions, views or preferences of the person; correspondence sent by the person that is implicitly or explicitly of a private or confidential nature or further correspondence that would reveal the contents of the original correspondence; the views or opinions of another individual about the person whether the information is recorded electronically or otherwise.
- "POPIA" shall mean the Protection of Personal Information Act 4 of 2013 as amended from time to time.
- The parties acknowledge that for the purposes of this agreement that the parties may come into contact with, or have access to PI and other information that may be classified, or deemed as private or confidential and for which the other party is responsible. Such PI may also be deemed or considered as private and confidential as it relates to any third party who may be directly or indirectly associated with this agreement. Further, it is acknowledged and agreed by the parties that they have the necessary consent to share or disclose the PI and that the information may have value.
- The parties agree that they will at all times comply with POPIA's Regulations and Codes of Conduct and that it shall only collect, use and process PI it comes into contact with pursuant to this agreement in a lawful manner, and only to the extent required to execute the services, or to provide the goods and to perform their respective obligations in terms of this agreement.
- The parties agree that it shall put in place, and at all times maintain, appropriate physical, technological and contractual security measures to ensure the protection and confidentiality of PI that it, or its employees, its contractors or other authorised individuals comes into contact with pursuant to this agreement.
- Unless so required by law, the parties agree that it shall not disclose any PI as defined in POPIA to any third party without the prior written consent of the other party, and notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, shall any party in no manner whatsoever transfer any PI out of the Republic of South Africa.

ANNEXURE F: (DEPUTY) INFORMATION OFFICER APPOINTMENT LETTER**DEPUTY / INFORMATION OFFICER APPOINTMENT LETTER**

I herewith and with immediate effect appoint you as the Information Officer as required by the Protection of Personal Information Act (Act 4 of 2013). This appointment may at any time be withdrawn or amended in writing.

You are entrusted with the following responsibilities:

- Taking steps to ensure the organisation's reasonable compliance with the provision of POPIA.
- Keeping the governing body updated about the organisation's information protection responsibilities under POPIA. For instance, in the case of a security breach, the Information Officer must inform and advise the governing body of their obligations pursuant to POPIA.
- Continually analysing privacy regulations and aligning them with the organisation's personal information processing procedures. This will include reviewing the organisation's information protection procedures and related policies.
- Ensuring that POPI Audits are scheduled and conducted on a regular basis.
- Ensuring that the organisation makes it convenient for data subjects who want to update their personal information or submit POPI related complaints to the organisation, to do so. For instance, maintaining a "contact us" facility on the organisation's website.
- Approving any contracts entered into with operators, employees and other third parties which may have an impact on the personal information held by the organisation. This will include overseeing the amendment of the organisation's employment contracts and other service level agreements.
- Encouraging compliance with the conditions required for the lawful processing of personal information.
- Ensuring that employees and other persons acting on behalf of the organisation are fully aware of the risks associated with the processing of personal information and that they remain informed about the organisation's security controls.
- Organising and overseeing the awareness training of employees and other individuals involved in the processing of personal information on behalf of the organisation.
- Addressing employees' POPIA related questions.
- Addressing all POPIA related requests and complaints made by the organisation's data subjects.
- Working with the Information Regulator in relation to any ongoing investigations. The Information Officers will therefore act as the contact point for the Information Regulator authority on issues relating to the processing of personal information and will consult with the Information Regulator where appropriate, with regard to any other matter.
- Ensuring that a compliance framework is developed, implemented, monitored and maintained.
- Ensuring that a personal information impact assessment is done to ensure that adequate measures and standards exist in order to comply with the conditions for the lawful processing of personal information.
- Ensure that a manual is developed, monitored, maintained and made available as prescribed in sections 14 and 51 of the Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 (Act No. 2 of 2000).
- Ensure that internal measures are developed together with adequate systems to process requests for information or access thereto.
- Ensure that internal awareness sessions are conducted regarding the provisions of the Act, regulations made in terms of the Act, codes of conduct, or information obtained from the Regulator.
- The information officer shall upon request by any person, provide copies of the manual to that person upon the payment of a fee to be determined by the Regulator from time to time.

I hereby accept the appointment as Deputy / Information Officer

Name & Surname : Emil van Graan

Signature: EVG

Date: 01/07/2021

FORM 1
OBJECTION TO THE PROCESSING OF PERSONAL INFORMATION IN TERMS OF
SECTION 11(3) OF THE PROTECTION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION ACT, 2013 (ACT NO.
4 OF 2013)

REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE PROTECTION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION, 2018
[Regulation 2]

Note:

1. *Affidavits or other documentary evidence as applicable in support of the objection may be attached.*
2. *If the space provided for in this Form is inadequate, submit information as an Annexure to this Form and sign each page.*
3. *Complete as is applicable.*

A	DETAILS OF DATA SUBJECT
Name(s) and surname/ registered name of data subject:	
Unique Identifier/ Identity Number	
Residential, postal or business address:	
	Code ()
Contact number(s):	
Fax number / E-mail address:	
B	DETAILS OF RESPONSIBLE PARTY
Name(s) and surname/ Registered name of responsible party:	
Residential, postal or business address:	
	Code ()
Contact number(s):	
Fax number/ E-mail address:	
C	REASONS FOR OBJECTION IN TERMS OF SECTION 11(1)(d) to (f) <i>(Please provide detailed reasons for the objection)</i>

Signed at this day of20.....

.....
Signature of data subject/designated person

FORM 2

REQUEST FOR CORRECTION OR DELETION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION OR DESTROYING OR DELETION OF RECORD OF PERSONAL INFORMATION IN TERMS OF SECTION 24(1) OF THE PROTECTION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION ACT, 2013 (ACT NO. 4 OF 2013)

REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE PROTECTION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION, 2018 [Regulation 3]

Note:

1. Affidavits or other documentary evidence as applicable in support of the request may be attached.
2. If the space provided for in this Form is inadequate, submit information as an Annexure to this Form and sign each page.
3. Complete as is applicable.

Mark the appropriate box with an "x".

Request for:

- Correction or deletion of the personal information about the data subject which is in possession or under the control of the responsible party.
- Destroying or deletion of a record of personal information about the data subject which is in possession or under the control of the responsible party and who is no longer authorised to retain the record of information.

A	DETAILS OF THE DATA SUBJECT
Name(s) and surname / registered name of data subject:	
Unique identifier/ Identity Number:	
Residential, postal or business address:	
Contact number(s):	
Fax number/E-mail address:	
Code ()	
B	DETAILS OF RESPONSIBLE PARTY
Name(s) and surname / registered name of responsible party:	
Residential, postal or business address:	
Contact number(s):	
Fax number/ E-mail address:	
Code ()	
C	INFORMATION TO BE CORRECTED/DELETED/ DESTROYED/ DESTROYED
D	REASONS FOR *CORRECTION OR DELETION OF THE PERSONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE DATA SUBJECT IN TERMS OF SECTION 24(1)(a) WHICH IS IN POSSESSION OR UNDER THE CONTROL OF THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY ; and or REASONS FOR *DESTRUCTION OR DELETION OF A RECORD OF PERSONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE DATA SUBJECT IN TERMS OF SECTION 24(1)(b) WHICH THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY IS NO LONGER AUTHORISED TO RETAIN. (Please provide detailed reasons for the request)

Signed at this day of20.....

.....
Signature of data subject/ designated person

FORM 4

APPLICATION FOR THE CONSENT OF A DATA SUBJECT FOR THE PROCESSING OF PERSONAL INFORMATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF DIRECT MARKETING IN TERMS OF SECTION 69(2) OF THE PROTECTION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION ACT, 2013 (ACT NO. 4 OF 2013)

REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE PROTECTION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION, 2018 [Regulation 6]

TO: _____

(Name of data subject)

FROM: _____

Contact number(s): _____
Fax number: _____
E-mail address: _____
(Name, address and contact details of responsible party)

Full names and designation of person signing on behalf of responsible party:

.....
Signature of designated person

Date: _____

PART B

I, _____ *(full names of data subject)* hereby:

Give my consent.

To receive direct marketing of goods or services to be marketed by means of electronic communication.

SPECIFY GOODS or SERVICES:

SPECIFY METHOD OF COMMUNICATION: FAX:
E - MAIL:
SMS:
OTHERS – SPECIFY:

Signed at this day of20.....

.....
Signature of data subject